



NANOCOULOMBMETER

ETS Model 230 Operating Manual

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Products described in this manual are designed and assembled in the U.S.A. by

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I. IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The equipment described in this Manual is designed and manufactured to operate within defined design limits. Any misuse may result in injury, electric shock, or discomfort to a person, incorrect readings, or damage to the equipment. The following rules should be observed for installation, use and maintenance. **Read the following safety instructions before operating the instrument.**

POWER

The unit may be operated as a battery powered device using two standard 9V rectangular batteries, or as a plug-in AC device using the supplied 18V wall adaptor. The highly efficient circuit design provides an operating life of about one (1) year under normal use for two 9 Volt alkaline batteries

OPERATION

DO NOT OPERATE WITH COVERS OR PANELS REMOVED. The unit handles input voltages as high as 10,000 volts and all circuitry should be kept enclosed.

The metal enclosure of the unit must be connected to house ground or zero volts with respect to the circuit being measured. If this is not done, the case of the meter may be at a dangerous potential capable of causing injury or discomfort if touched.

The unit includes a high voltage probe and cable. The probe can become charged. Accidentally touching this probe after measuring a high voltage can result in a mild shock. Probe tip is sharp – avoid a puncture wound.

The unit uses standard 9V batteries. Ensure that the batteries are inserted in the proper polarity. Keep any spare batteries separated and the terminals covered, since shorting the 2 terminals to metal or to another battery will result in damage or fire hazard.

DO NOT OPERATE WITH SUSPECTED EQUIPMENT FAILURES. If any odor or smoke becomes apparent turn off the equipment and unplug it immediately. Failure to do so may result in electrical shock, fire or permanent damage to the equipment. Contact the factory for further instructions.

DO NOT USE IN ANY MANNER NOT SPECIFIED OR APPROVED BY THE MANUFACTURER: Unapproved use may result in damage to the equipment or present an electrical shock or fire hazard.



II. Description of Contents

Included:

Item	Qty.	Description
Model 230	1	Model 230 Circuitry in a metal enclosure.
Ground Cable	1	A 5-foot green rubber cable featuring 2 green banana plugs and an alligator clip
Capacitor Cable	1	Black coiled cord, extends to 10', with precision 0.1µF Capacitor.
BNC Connector Cable	1	BNC-to-BNC 3-foot Teflon insulated cable.
Batteries	2	9 Volt standard alkaline rectangular (installed)
Power module	1	Wall plug-in unit, 18VDC output, 90-264VAC input, 8W.

The Model 230 measures electrical charge directly, displaying the result in nanocoulombs. The evaluation of triboelectric charge generation is performed by measuring the amount of charge developed on material. When used with a suitable Faraday cup, the charge on a wide range of material types and sizes can accurately be measured by the Model 230 Nanocoulombmeter.

The Model 230 meets the requirements for charge measurement as specified in applicable ESDA, ASTM, EIA, DOD as well as many other industry standards.



III. Setup Guide



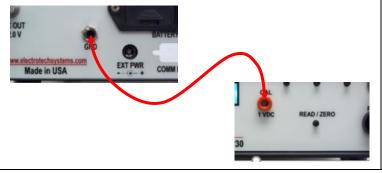
Step 1 – Unpack the unit and verify all parts are present and have survived shipping.



Step 2 - Connect the Faraday cup or bucket to the BNC INPUT connector located on the front panel of the instrument. If the remote READ/ZERO pushbutton and or a recording device are being used, connect them to the respective output connectors located on the rear panel. (Cup/bucket not included.)



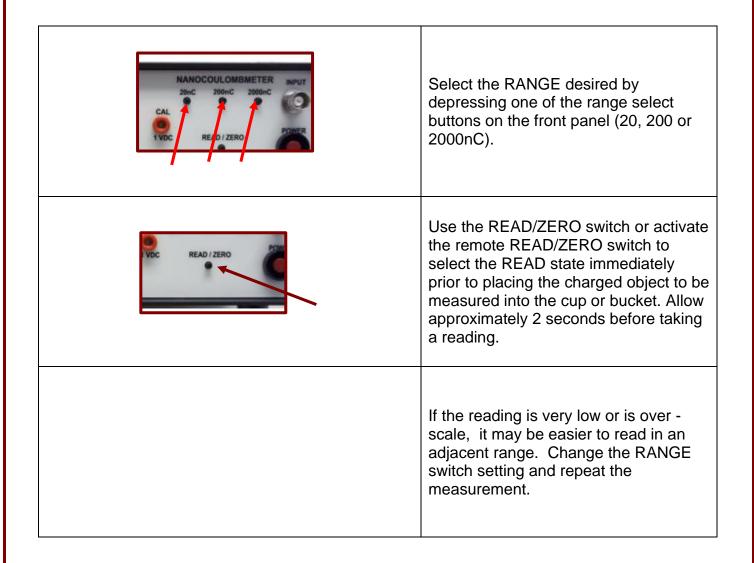
Step 3 - Push the POWER button to turn it on. At power on, unit defaults to ZERO STANDBY mode and RANGE is set to 200nC.



Step 4 - Connect the 0.10 µF test capacitor supplied with the instrument to the ground jack located on the rear panel and touch the other terminal to the 1.0 Volt output jack located on the front panel.

POWER CONTROL OF THE POWER CON	Step 3 - Push the POWER button to turn the Model 230 on.
VDC READ / ZERO	Step 5 - Push READ/ZERO button to switch to READ mode and touch the charged capacitor to the inner can of the Faraday cup. The DPM should indicate 100±2nC.
	Step 6 - Place the cover on the Faraday cup or bucket. With the RANGE switch set to the 20 nC position, place the READ/ZERO switch in the READ position and observe the DPM for one minute. The reading should not exceed 0.05nC.
YUC READ/ZERO POW	Step 7 - Return the switch setting to the ZERO STANDBY. This completes an initial checkout of the system performance.

III. Quick Start Guide.



IV. Functionality

The Model 230 is a complete instrument for measuring charge directly in nanocoulombs. The instrument may be used with a Faraday cup or pail, or a detector probe (These items not included – See Appendix A for descriptions.) It can also be used alone to measure the charge on capacitors or from capacitive discharge systems (with adequate protection).

The Nanocoulombmeter has 3 user selectable ranges of 20, 200 and 2000 nanocoulombs to cover a wide range of charge measurement applications. The resolution of the 20 nC scale is 0.01 nC. Drift is <0.05 nC/minute. The instrument incorporates a built in precision 1.0 Volt output along with a precision 0.10 μ F, 1% capacitor for checking system calibration.

The Model 230, shown in Figure 4.1, The instrument is housed in a 7.5"L x 10"D x 3"H (190x245x70mm) aluminum case that provides extra shielding from external fields.



Figure 4.1: Model 230 Nanocoulombmeter front panel

The front panel consists of a 2 line / 16 character LCD digital readout with 0.171 inch numerals, a 3 push-buttons for RANGE selection, a READ/ZERO push-button, a 1.0 Volt CAL output, POWER ON/OFF switch, and a standard BNC input signal connector. Each depress of a push-button will either select a range (20nC, 200nC, 2000nC) or flip it (between READ/ZERO).

The rear panel, shown in Figure 4.2, consists of the battery compartment, a ground (GND) terminal for referencing the instrument to ground as well as grounding the reference capacitor, a remote READ/ZERO output jack, and a Recorder Output BNC connector.





Figure 4.2: Model 230 Nanocoulombmeter rear panel

The remote REMOTE/ZERO jack enables a remote push-button to be used to place the instrument in the READ mode. When the optional remote push-button is plugged into this jack it parallels the READ/ZERO push-button on the front panel, allowing either button to control this function. This feature makes operating the Model 230 very easy while making measurements in locations such as humidity controlled glove boxes.

A 0-1.99 Volt signal is available at the Recorder Output corresponding to a 0-full scale reading of the RANGE selected.

The Model 230 is powered by two 9-Volt alkaline batteries that are readily accessible from the rear of the instrument. A "Low Battery" function warns of low battery voltage (<12.2 Volts). An optional AC Power module is included to operate the unit from 95-240VAC, 50/60Hz.

SPECIFICATIONS

READOUT: 2 line / 16 character LCD digital meter

RANGE: 20, 200, 2000 nC full scale

RESOLUTION:

20 nC RANGE: 0.01 nC 200 nC RANGE: 0.1 nC 2000 nC RANGE: 1.0 nC

DRIFT: <0.05 nC/minute

ACCURACY: 2.0% full scale (max), ±1 digit

ZEROING: Fully Auto, Front Panel READ/ZERO button & Remote button input

RECORDER OUTPUT: 0 - ±1.99 Volts, Source Impedance: 1 Ohm (max), BNC connect

CALIBRATION OUTPUT: +1.00 Volts, ±1%



CALIBRATION CAPACITOR: 0.100 µF, ±1%

BATTERY: 2 each, 9 Volt Alkaline (Duracell MN1804 or equiv.)

Battery Life: 20 hours (min) continuous use, 6-12 months (est.) under normal use

AC Power Module, wall plug-in (+ center): input 90-264VAC, output 18 VDC, 8W

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT: 20±10° C, 0-60% R.H. (non-condensing)

DIMENSIONS: 7.5"L x 10"D x 3"H (190x245x70mm)

WEIGHT: 3.3 lbs. (1.5kg)

FARADAY CONTAINERS: (Optional – Must be ordered separately)

Model 231 Cup: 3.125" (79mm) Diameter

Model 232 Pail: 12.0" (305mm) Diameter

Model 233 Bucket: 24"x24 x22" (610x610x559mm)

Model 234 Probe: Charge detector Probe

ACCESSORIES: (Optional – Must be ordered separately)

PART#230-5844: Foot operated READ/ZERO switch

PART#230-5845: 90-260VAC, 50/60Hz (Replacement)

PART#230-5847: 0.01 & 1.0 µF Test Capacitors

VI. Detailed Operation

Connect the Faraday cup or bucket to the BNC INPUT connector located on the front panel of the instrument as shown in Figure 6.1. If the remote READ/ZERO pushbutton and or a recording device are being used, connect them to the respective output connectors located on the rear panel.



Figure 6.1: Faraday cup connections

To make a measurement, first select the RANGE desired (20, 200 or 2000nC). Then place the READ/ZERO switch in the READ position or activate the remote READ/ZERO switch immediately prior to placing the charged object to be measured into the cup or bucket. Allow approximately 2 seconds before taking a reading. If the reading is very low or is over scale, but measurable in the adjacent range, change the RANGE switch setting and repeat the measurement.

Each time a new measurement is taken the READ/ZERO button must first be placed in the ZERO STANDBY. When using the ETS Foot Operated Remote READ/ZERO switch the system is functioning as normal. When the foot switch is depressed and released the system flips between the READ/ZERO mode and remains in that mode until the switch is depressed again to switch mode.

When making a measurement it is extremely important that the operator minimize the generation of any electrostatic fields. These fields can be detected and they will adversely affect the measurement. Cable movement also may cause a triboelectric charge to be generated on the inner conductor of the shielded input cable and thus any cable movement should be avoided. If the measurement cannot be performed without



generating extraneous electrostatic fields, the cover should be placed over the Faraday cup immediately after the charged object has been placed inside, and then the reading taken.

The instrument can also be used to precisely determine the total capacitance of an electronic network by charging the network with a given precise voltage and then discharging the network into the Nanocoulombmeter.

If voltages over 10 Volts are used then a 1 MegOhm resistor must be placed in series with the input. Otherwise, damage to the instrument may occur. The maximum voltage allowed for this type of measurement SHOULD NOT EXCEED 1000 Volts. Using the relationship Q=CV, the desired capacitance of the network (C) may be calculated by dividing the indicated charge (Q) by the known charging voltage (V).

For example, in a number of specifications such as Mil-Std-263A and EIA-541 the capacitance of an ESD simulator discharge network is specified at a voltage of 1000 Volts. To determine the capacitance, connect a 1 MegOhm resistor in series with the simulator output and the Model 230 input. Set the charging voltage to precisely 1000 Volts, then discharge the capacitor into the Nanocoulombmeter. A reading of 100nC on the DPM will correspond to a capacitance of 100pF using the formula:

C = Q/V= 100x10⁻⁹/1x10³
= 100pF



VII. Calibration and Maintenance

CALIBRATION

The Model 230 is calibrated at the factory using instrumentation traceable to N.I.S.T. Periodic recalibration of any measuring instrument is required if measurement accuracies and proper system performance are to be assured. In most applications, recalibration should be performed on a yearly basis. Contact ETS for recalibration service.

The user can check the calibration of the instrument at any time by using the supplied 0.10µf, 1% polystyrene capacitor, and a calibrated voltmeter having an input impedance greater than 1 MegOhm to verify the accuracy of the built-in voltage source. The capacitor, when charged to 1.00 Volt will produce a reading on the DPM of 100±2nC. This procedure provides a system check and **is not a substitute** for periodic laboratory calibration.

To check the calibration of the measurement set-up, connect the clip lead of the calibration check capacitor to the ground terminal on the rear panel or to the outer shell of the Faraday cup or bucket. Select the 200nC RANGE. Touch the lead from the capacitor to the CAL output connector on the front panel. Push the READ/ZERO button to switch to READ mode and then touch the capacitor lead to the inner can or directly to the BNC input connector if a Faraday cup or bucket is not being used. The DPM should read 100±2 nC

The other ranges can also be checked with the same capacitor if a precision voltage source is available. 0.10 Volts applied to the capacitor will produce a reading of 10nC in the 20nC RANGE and 10.0 Volts applied to the capacitor will produce a reading of 1000nC in the 2000nC RANGE.

Additional points can also be checked by using different voltages and/or capacitor values (must be known to within 1% and be of the low leakage type). Using the relationship $Q(nC)=C(\mu F) V(Volts)$ any calibration value can be obtained.

MAINTENANCE

The Model 230 Nanocoulombmeter is designed with low current circuits that provide approximately 20 hours of continuous use from a pair of 9-Volt Alkaline (Duracell Type MN 1604 or equivalent) batteries. When the "Low Battery" indicator appears, this means the 18V battery has dropped to 12.2 Volts, and the batteries should be replaced to retain measurement accuracy.



To change batteries, remove the battery cover mounted on the rear panel. The batteries are connected to the instrument by a pair of standard 9-Volt battery clips. Both batteries should be replaced at the same time. Replace the battery cover.

If the instrument fails to operate properly it should be returned to ETS for repair and recalibration. A Return Material Authorization (RMA) must be obtained from ETS prior to sending in the instrument. The instrument should be packed in adequate packaging to avoid incurring any shipping damage.

VIII. WARRANTY

Electro-Tech Systems, Inc. warrants its equipment, accessories and parts of its manufacture to be and remain free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from date of invoice. It will, at the discretion of Seller, either replace or repair without charge, F.O.B. Glenside, similar equipment or a similar part to replace any equipment or part of its manufacture which, within the above stated time, is proved to have been defective at the time it was sold. All equipment claimed defective must be returned properly identified to the Seller (or presented to one of its agents for inspection). This warranty only applies to equipment operated in accordance with Seller's operating instructions.

Seller's warranty with respect to those parts of the equipment that is purchased from other manufacturers shall be subject only to that manufacturer's warranty.

The Seller's liability hereunder is expressly limited to repairing or replacing any parts of the equipment manufactured by the manufacturer and found to have been defective. The Seller shall not be liable for damage resulting or claimed to result from any cause whatsoever.

This warranty becomes null and void should the equipment, or any part thereof, be abused or modified by the customer of if used in any application other than that for which it was intended. This warranty to replace or repair is the only warranty, either expressed or implied or provided by law, and is in lieu of all other warranties. The Seller denies any other promise, guarantee, or warranty with respect to the equipment or accessories. In particular, as to its or their suitability for the purposes of the buyer or its or their performance, either quantitatively or qualitatively or as to the products which it may produce and the buyer is expected to expressly waive rights to any warranty other than that stated herein.

ETS must be notified before any equipment is returned for repair. ETS will issue an RMA (Return Material Authorization) number for return of equipment.



Equipment should be shipped prepaid and insured in the original packaging. If the original packaging is not available, the equipment must be packed in a sufficiently large box (or boxes if applicable) of double wall construction with substantial packing around all sides. The RMA number, description of the problem along with the contact name and telephone number must be included in formal paperwork and enclosed with the instrument. Round trip freight and related charges are the owner's responsibility.



IX. APPENDIX A – Available Accessories

Three different standard size Faraday cups/buckets shown in Figures 9.1 are available. Special Faraday cups or buckets can also be provided on special order. The Model 231, 3.125" (79mm) and the Model 232, 12" (305mm) units consist of two round concentric aluminum containers assembled together with Teflon insulators between them. The outer can is connected to ground and the inner can comprises the sensing input. A cover is supplied to completely shield the inner can when making critical measurements in a high electrostatic field environment.







Model 231 Model 232 Model 233

Figure 9.1: Standard Faraday cups/buckets

The large 24"x24"x22" (610x610x589mm) Faraday Bucket (Model 233) is a welded assembly that is fabricated from 0.093" aluminum. This bucket is designed for evaluating large material samples or complete assemblies. All Faraday cups and buckets are connected to the instrument by a 3-foot Teflon™ insulated cable.

The Model 234 Charge Detector Probe shown in Figure 9.2 is designed to measure charge on the surface of an object while it is being triboelectrically charged due to motion of another media flowing, rubbing against, or separating from the test object.



Figure 9.2: Model 234 Charge Detector Probe

